



Pandora Changes Since MCC10

Steven Green on behalf of the Pandora Team

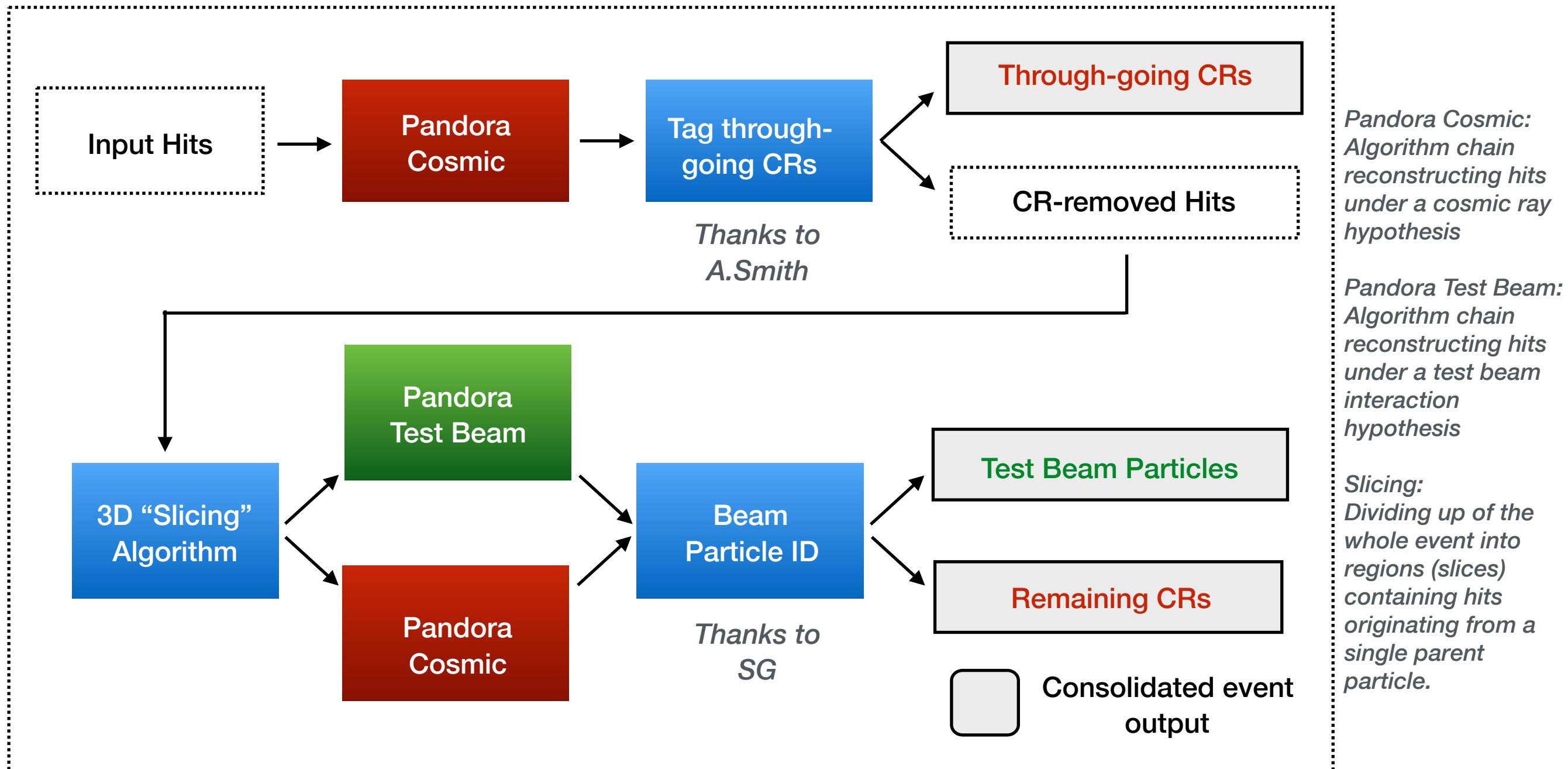
18th July 2018



We've created a slack channel for all questions related to Pandora. Please join if you'd like to ask us anything:
<https://pandorapfa.slack.com>



- Brief reminder of the Pandora reconstruction for ProtoDUNE:



*Pandora Cosmic:
Algorithm chain
reconstructing hits
under a cosmic ray
hypothesis*

*Pandora Test Beam:
Algorithm chain
reconstructing hits
under a test beam
interaction
hypothesis*

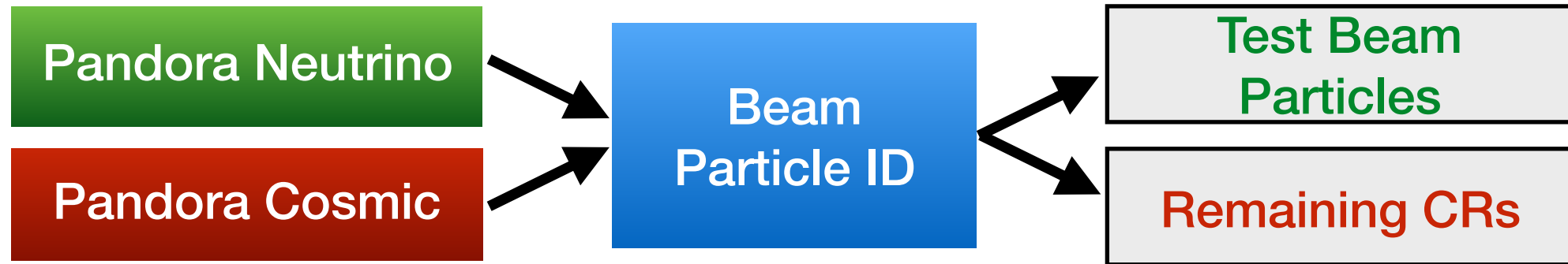
*Slicing:
Dividing up of the
whole event into
regions (slices)
containing hits
originating from a
single parent
particle.*

Thanks to J.Marshall

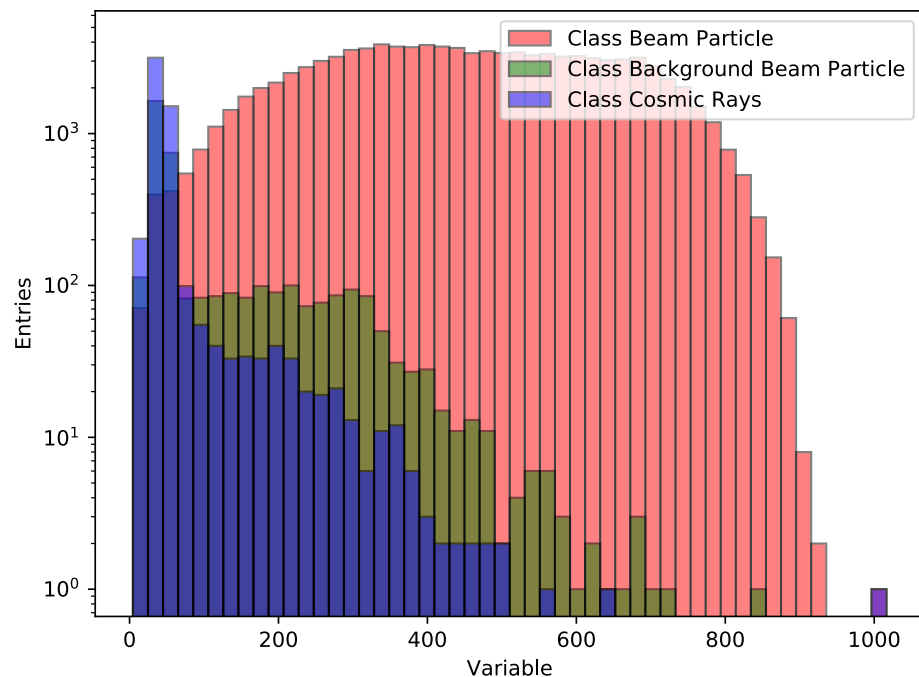


1

Beam Particle ID



- The two slice reconstruction outcomes are then analysed to determine the optimal reconstruction in the beam particle ID step.
 - MCC10: ID found via a simple cut based approach.
 - **Now: ID found via Boosted Decision Tree.**



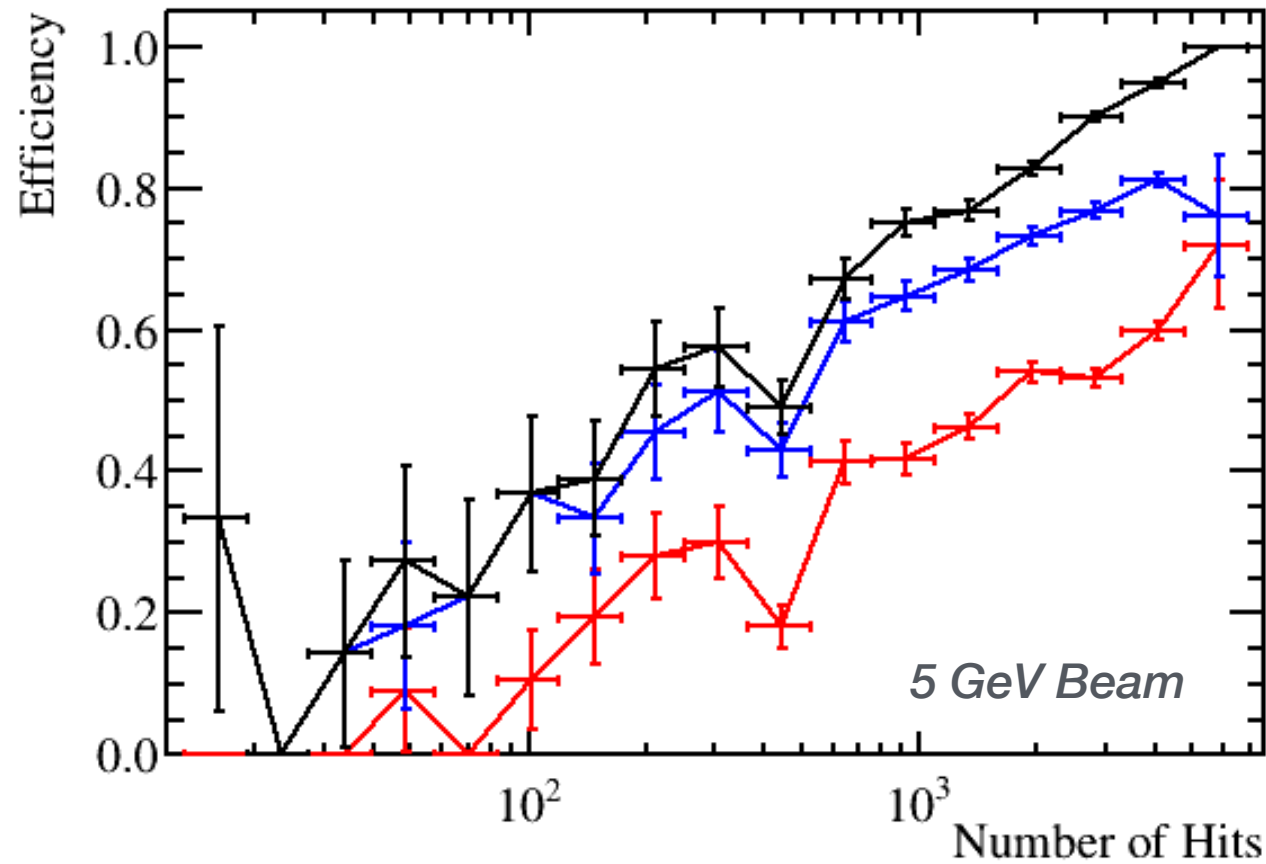
BDT Beam Particle ID Variables

- The distance of the closest 3D LArTPC hit to the beam spot. (0)
- The direction and angle of a spatial fit to the reconstructed 3D hits with respect to the beam line. (1-2)
- The eigenvalues of the covariance matrix of the spatial position of the 3D LArTPC hits. (3-5)
- The vertical distance of the reconstructed 3D LArTPC hit closest to the top of the detector. (6)
- The number of reconstructed particles. (7)



1

Beam Particle ID



Cheated Beam Particle ID

Standard Reconstruction

BDT Beam Particle ID

- This metric folds in effects from cosmic-ray pattern recognition, cosmic-ray tagging, slice creation, both the cosmic-ray and neutrino slice reconstructions and test beam particle identification.

(Reconstructed particles have to be correctly tagged to count towards the efficiency!)

- The BDT method is far more effective than the cut based approach.
- Significant improvement in integrated efficiency across momentum range considered.
- Almost as good as using MC info!

Beam Momentum [GeV]	MCC10 Beam Particle ID	BDT Beam Particle ID
1	58.1±1.3	77.4±1.1
3	57.6±2.3	77.6±1.9
5	50.8±0.6	72.3±0.6
7	52.4±0.5	70.8±0.5

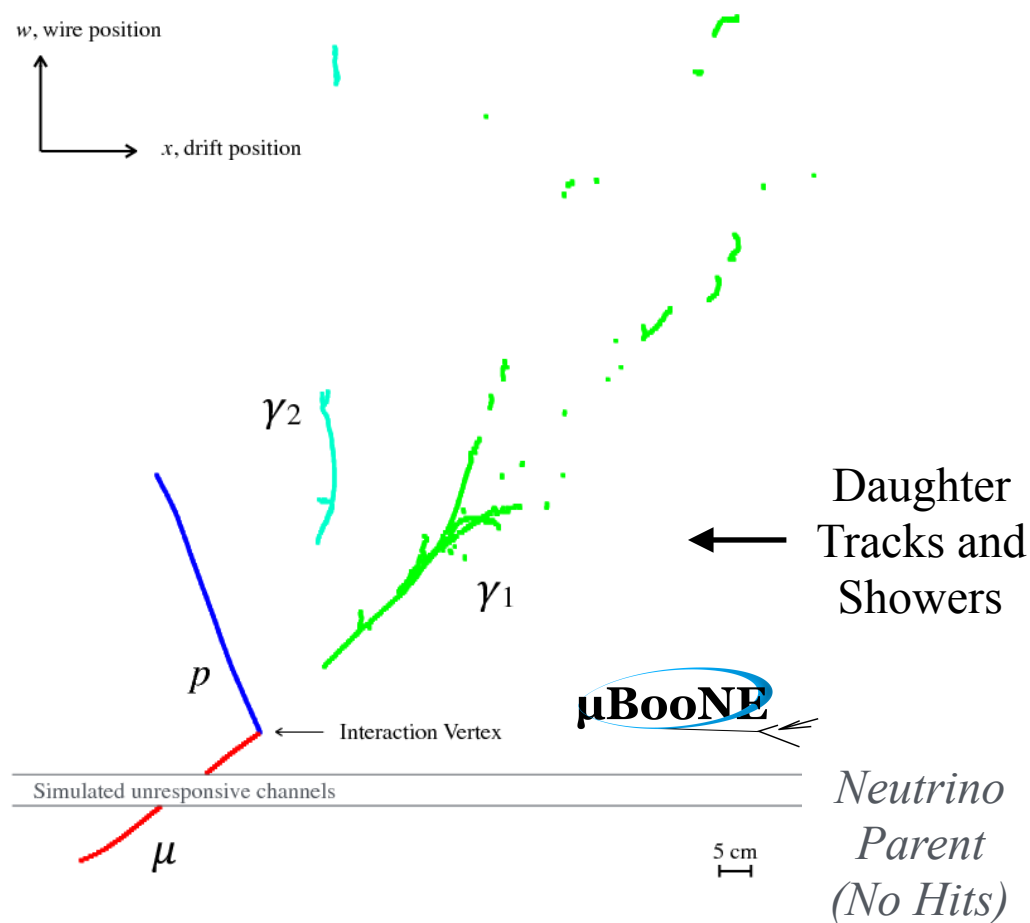


2 Test Beam Particle Creation

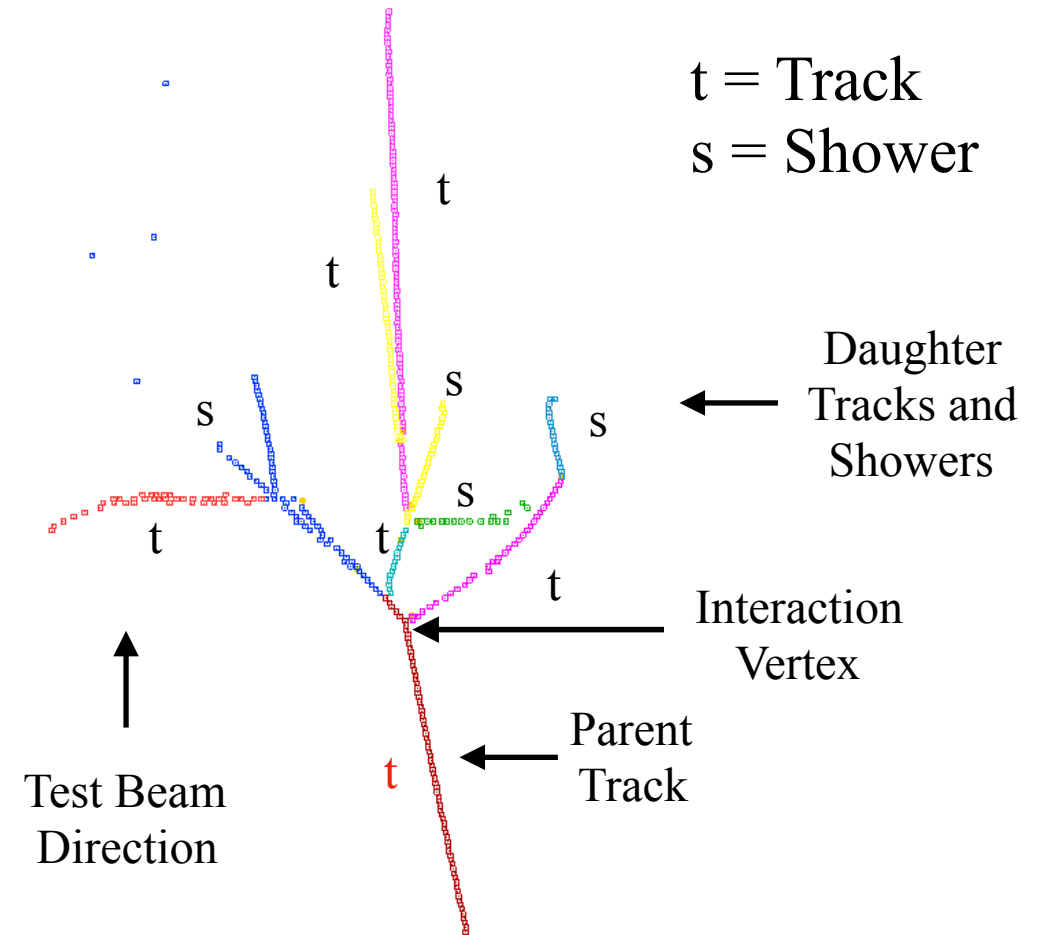


- The Pandora output have been restructures to be more intuitive for the test beam use case.
- MCC10: Test beam particles labelled as neutrinos (PDG code 12/14).
- **Now: Test beam particles labelled appropriately (PDG code 211/11 for tracks/showers) and parent PFParticle associated to incoming test beam particle.**

Neutrino Interaction



Test Beam Interaction



Pandora MicroBooNE Paper:
Eur. Phys. J. C78, 1, 82 (2018), arXiv: 1708.03135

Real reconstruction output for a 5 GeV π^+ interaction in ProtoDUNE-SP



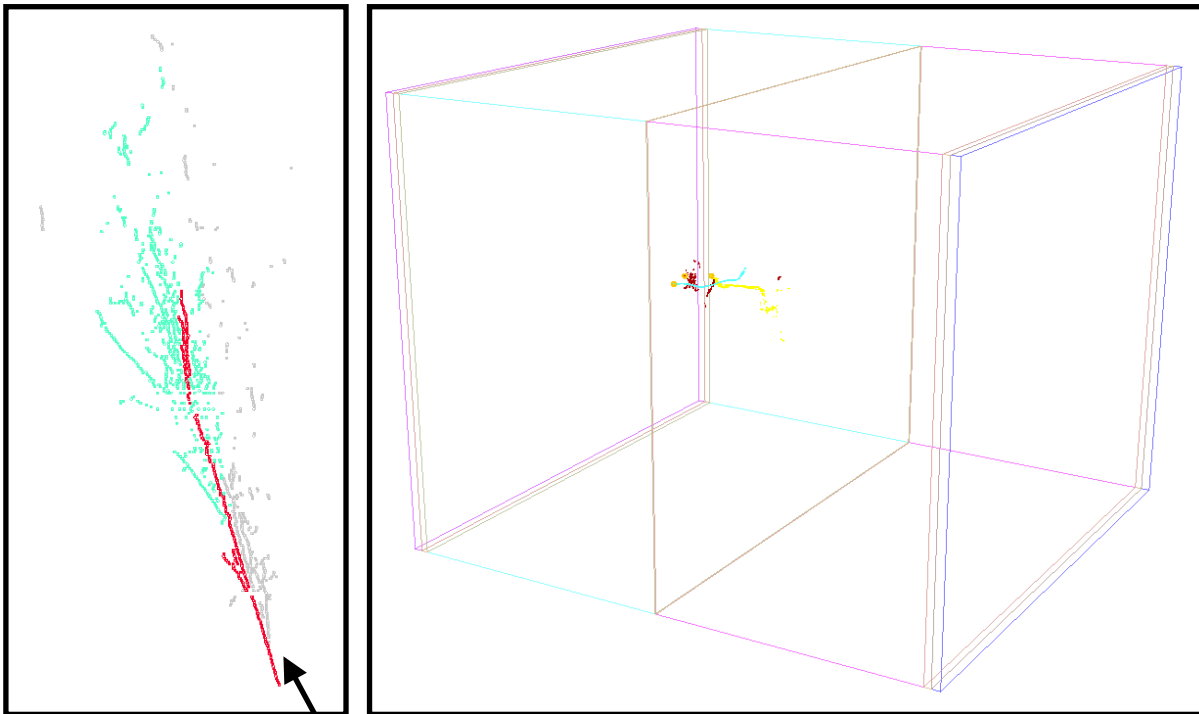
3

Shower Creation Tuning



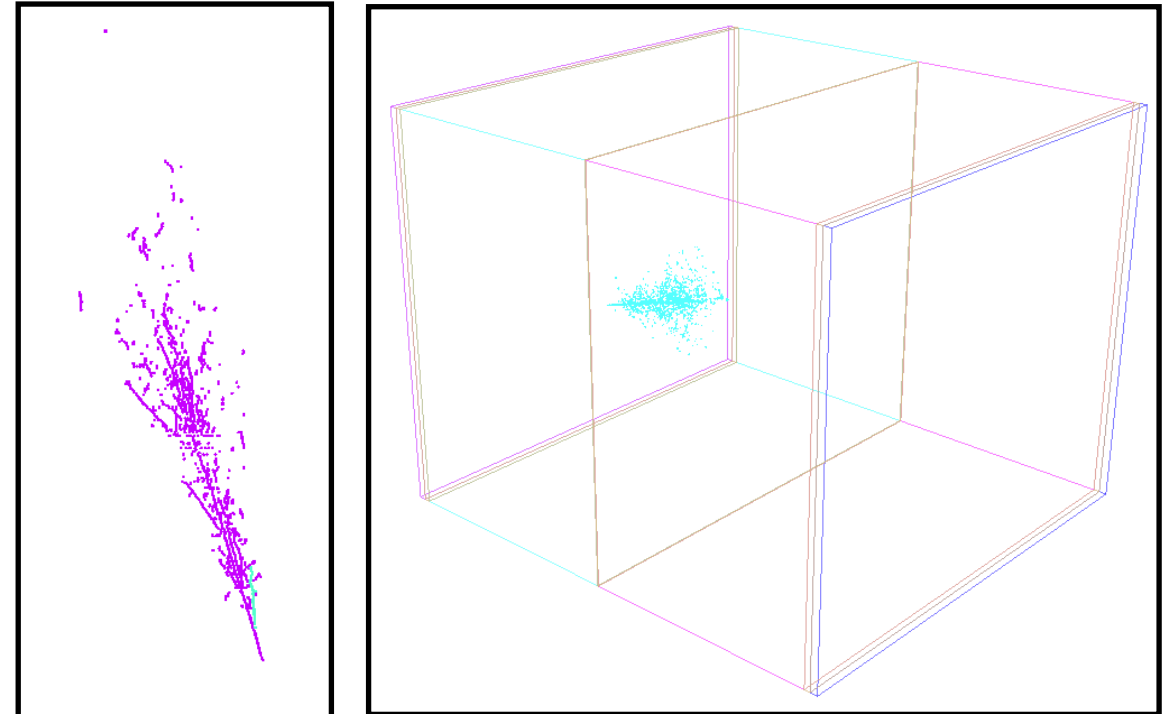
- The cuts used to determine whether a cluster is track-like or shower-like (a shower spine) have been updated.
 - MCC10: Cuts optimised for MicroBooNE energies.
 - **Now: More appropriate cuts used for ProtoDUNE.**

MCC10 Settings



The red cluster has been identified as a track rather than a shower spine, which distorts the shower reconstruction.

New Settings



Using the new settings the cluster is identified as a shower spine leading to a better reconstruction.



- A PFParticleMetadata object has been created to save variables of interest to downstream users. The object is a map of string to float.
- The variables of interest we persist at the moment are:
 - “IsTestBeam” - Whether the reconstructed particle been identified as test beam particle.
 - “BeamScore” - Score from BDT.
- Longer term this can be extended to include other variables of interest too (e.g. track shower score is saved for MicroBooNE where an SVM is used).
- MCC10: No PFParticleMetadata object.
- **Now: PFParticleMetadata objects exist and BDT score persisted.**

```
| pandora..... | std::vector<larpandoraobj::PFParticleMetadata> .....|  
| pandora..... | art::Assns<recob::PFParticle,larpandoraobj::PFParticleMetadata,void> ....|
```




- There have been a number of significant improvements to the Pandora ProtoDUNE reconstruction since the MCC10 production.
- There's lots of work still to do. Watch this space for details!



Pandora is an open project and new contributors would be extremely welcome.
We'd love to hear from you and we will always try to answer your questions!

Contact details:

Framework development

John Marshall (marshall@hep.phy.cam.ac.uk)
Mark Thomson (thomson@hep.phy.cam.ac.uk)

LAr TPC algorithm development

John Marshall
Andy Blake (a.blake@lancaster.ac.uk)

MicroBooNE

ProtoDUNE

Lorena Escudero (escudero@hep.phy.cam.ac.uk)
Joris Jan de Vries (jjd49@hep.phy.cam.ac.uk)
Jack Anthony (anthony@hep.phy.cam.ac.uk)
Andy Smith (asmith@hep.phy.cam.ac.uk)

Steven Green (sg568@hep.phy.cam.ac.uk)
Stefano Vergani (sv408@cam.ac.uk)

Please visit: <https://github.com/PandoraPFA>
For general enquiries please contact the team via
<https://pandorapfa.slack.com> or pandora@hep.phy.cam.ac.uk

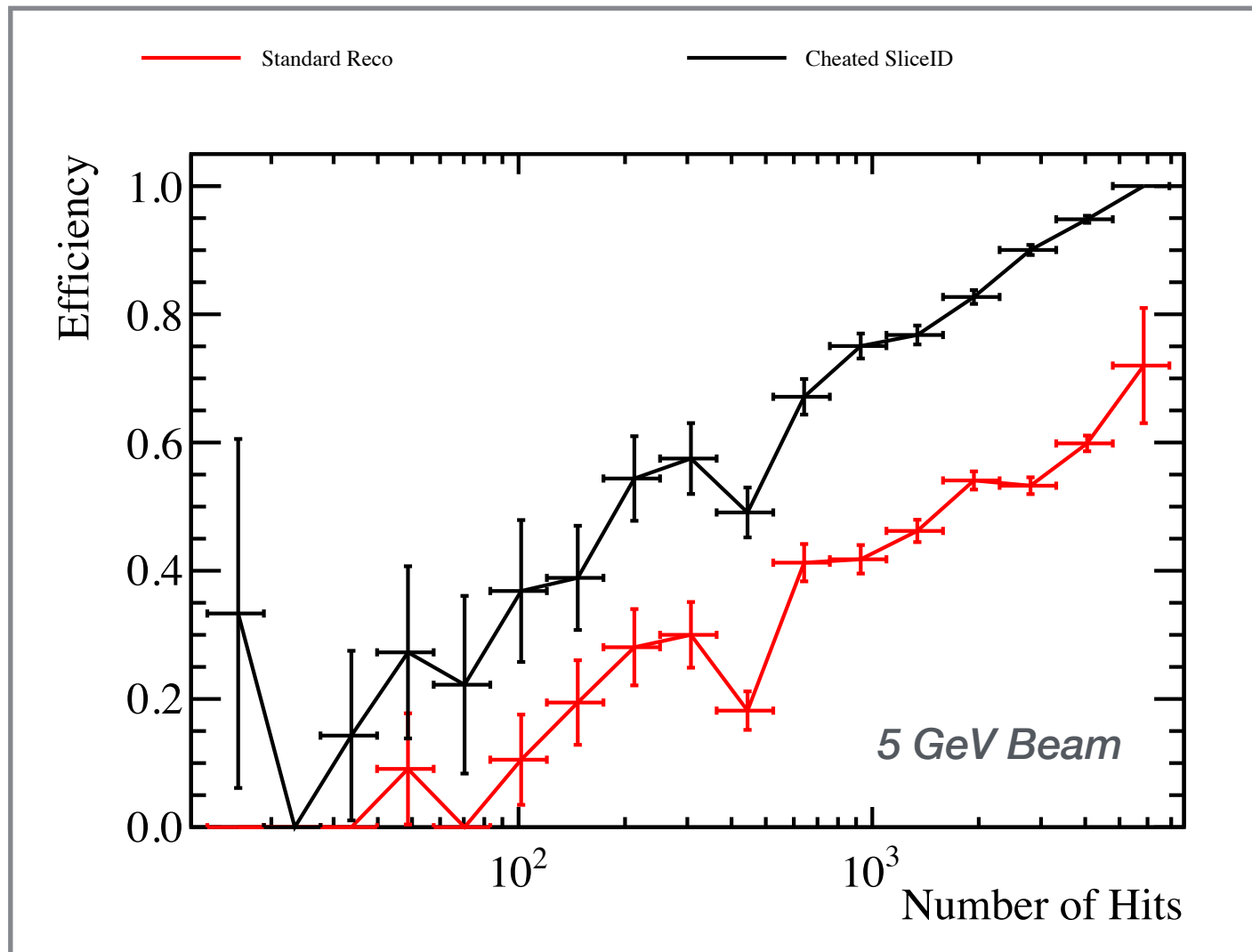


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Back Up



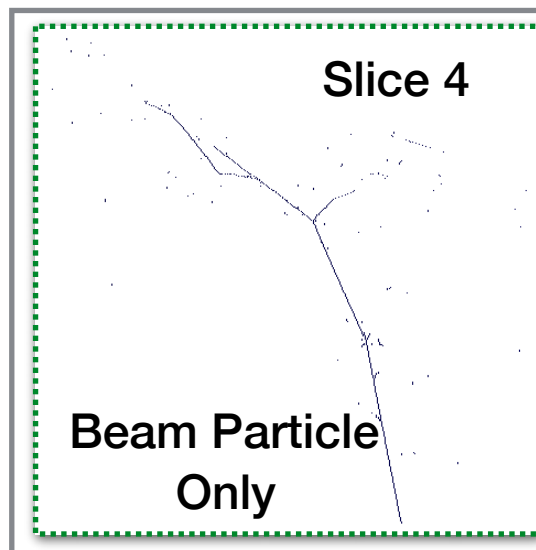
Cheated Beam Particle ID

Standard reconstruction

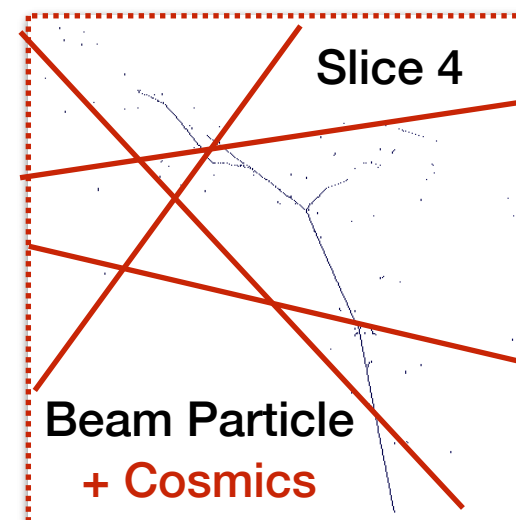
? Why does cheating the beam particle ID not give 100% efficiency?

→ Slices contaminated with cosmic-rays

○ Big gains to be made in efficiency if we can improve the beam particle ID.



→ Cheat ID would say beam particle



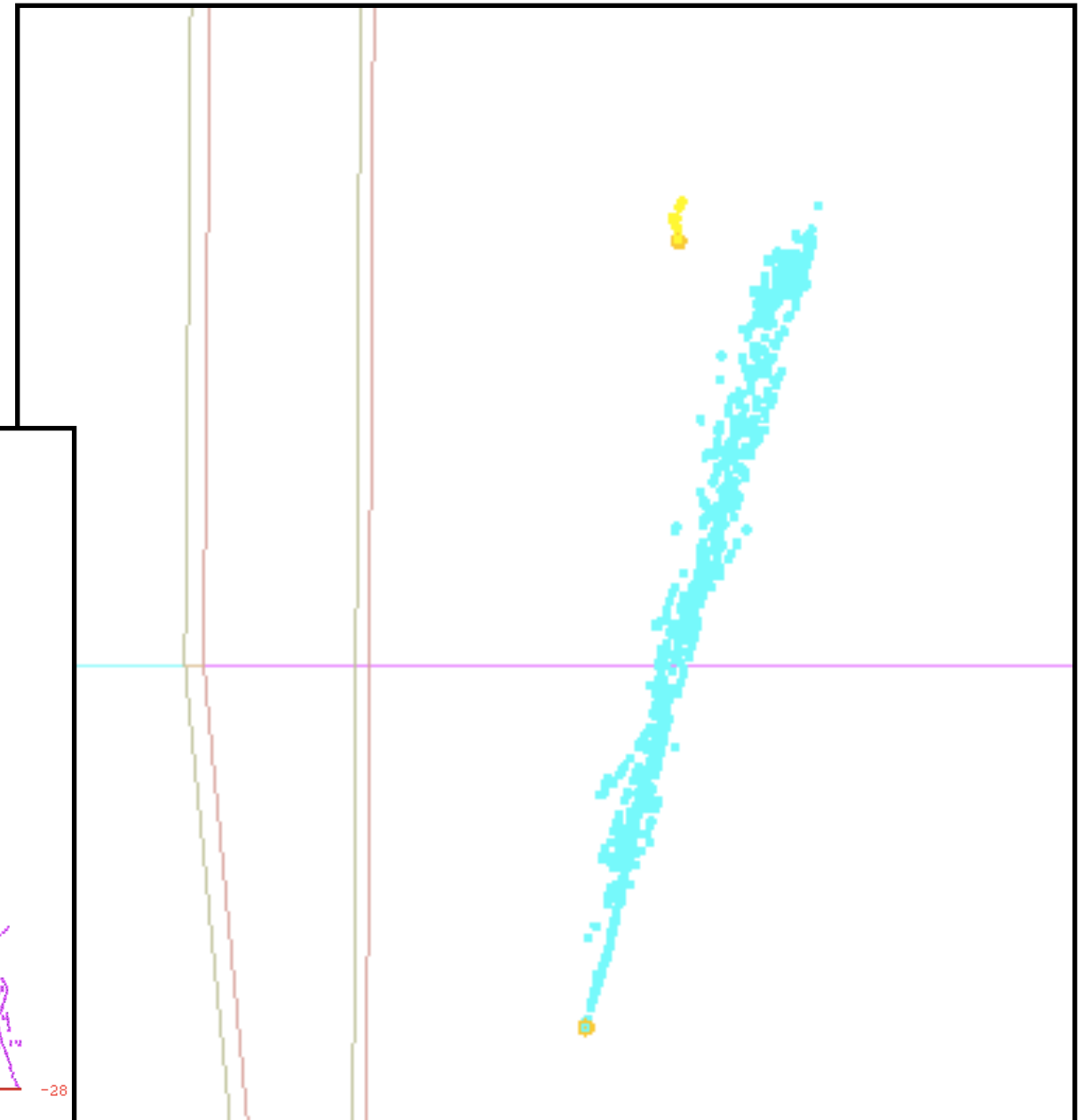
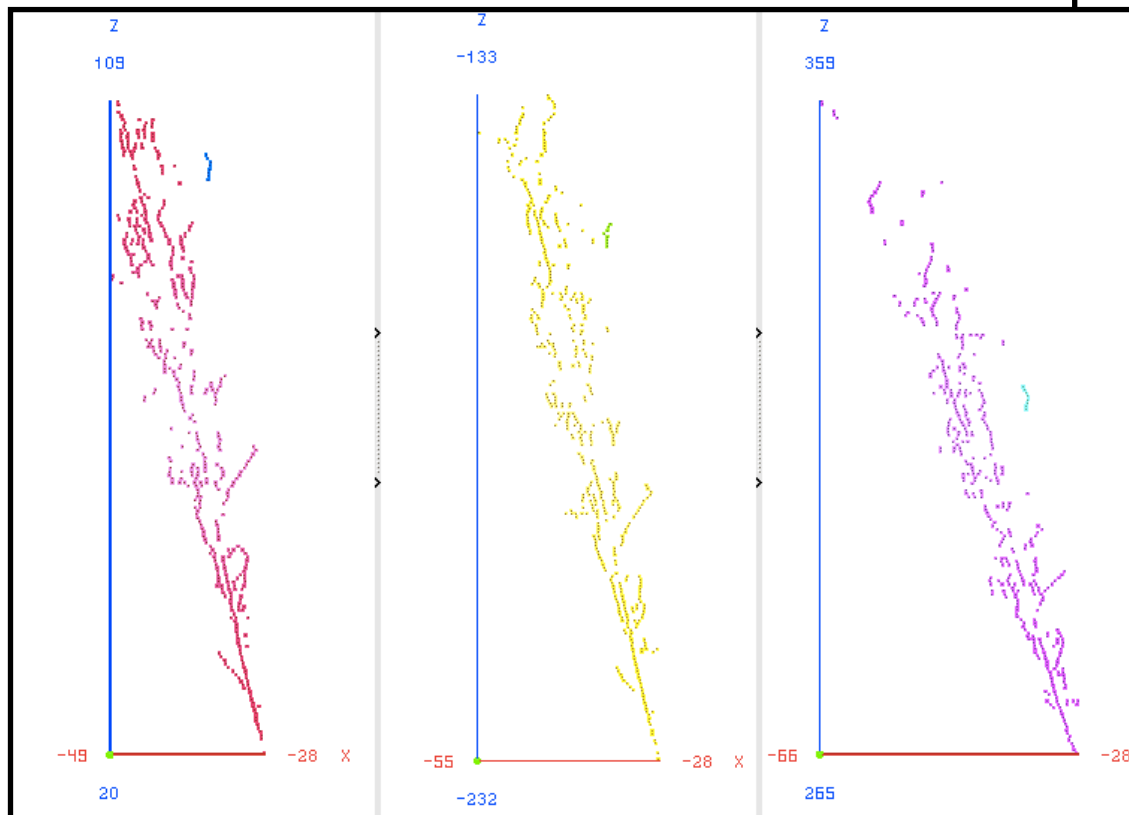
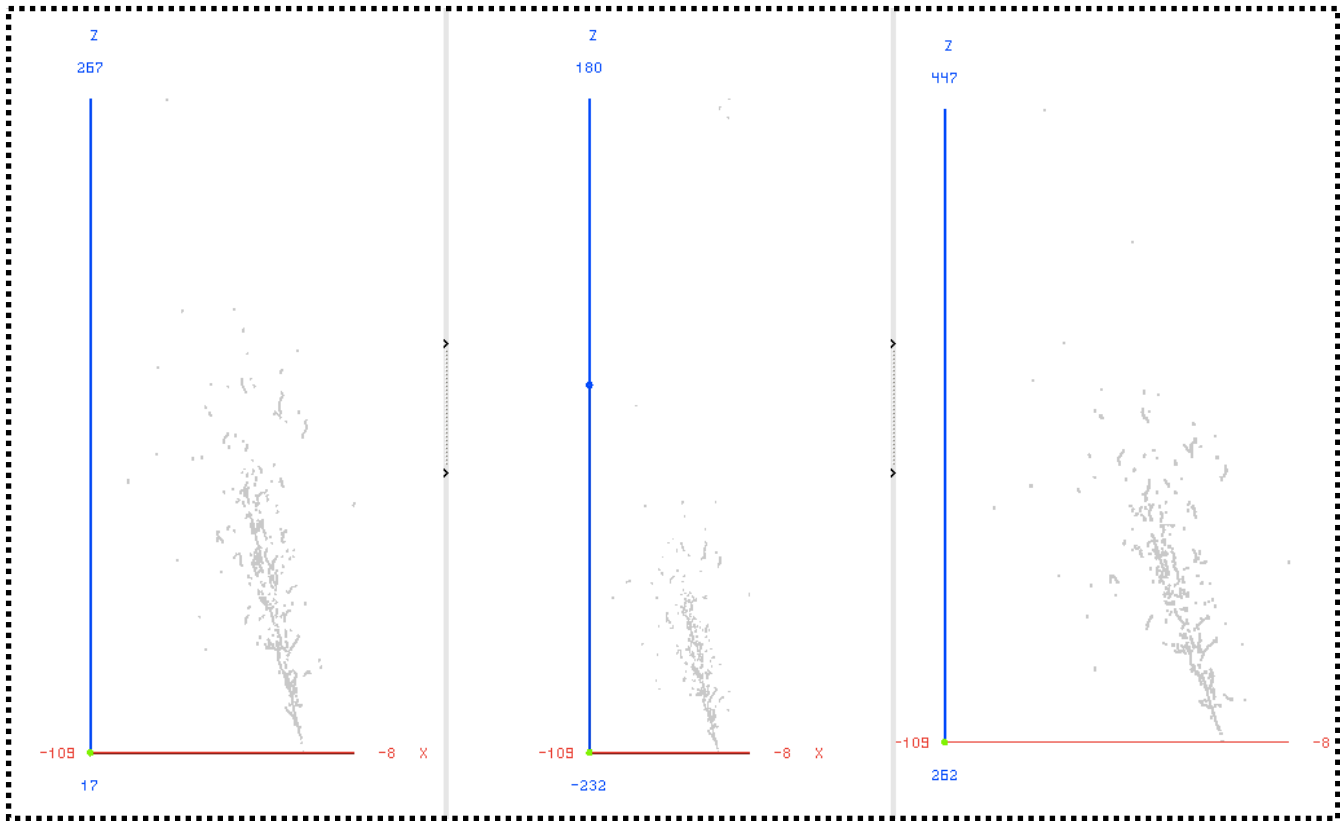
→ If enough cosmic rays in slice cheat ID would say cosmic ray



Pandora Neutrino On Test Beam



○ Positron test beam particle

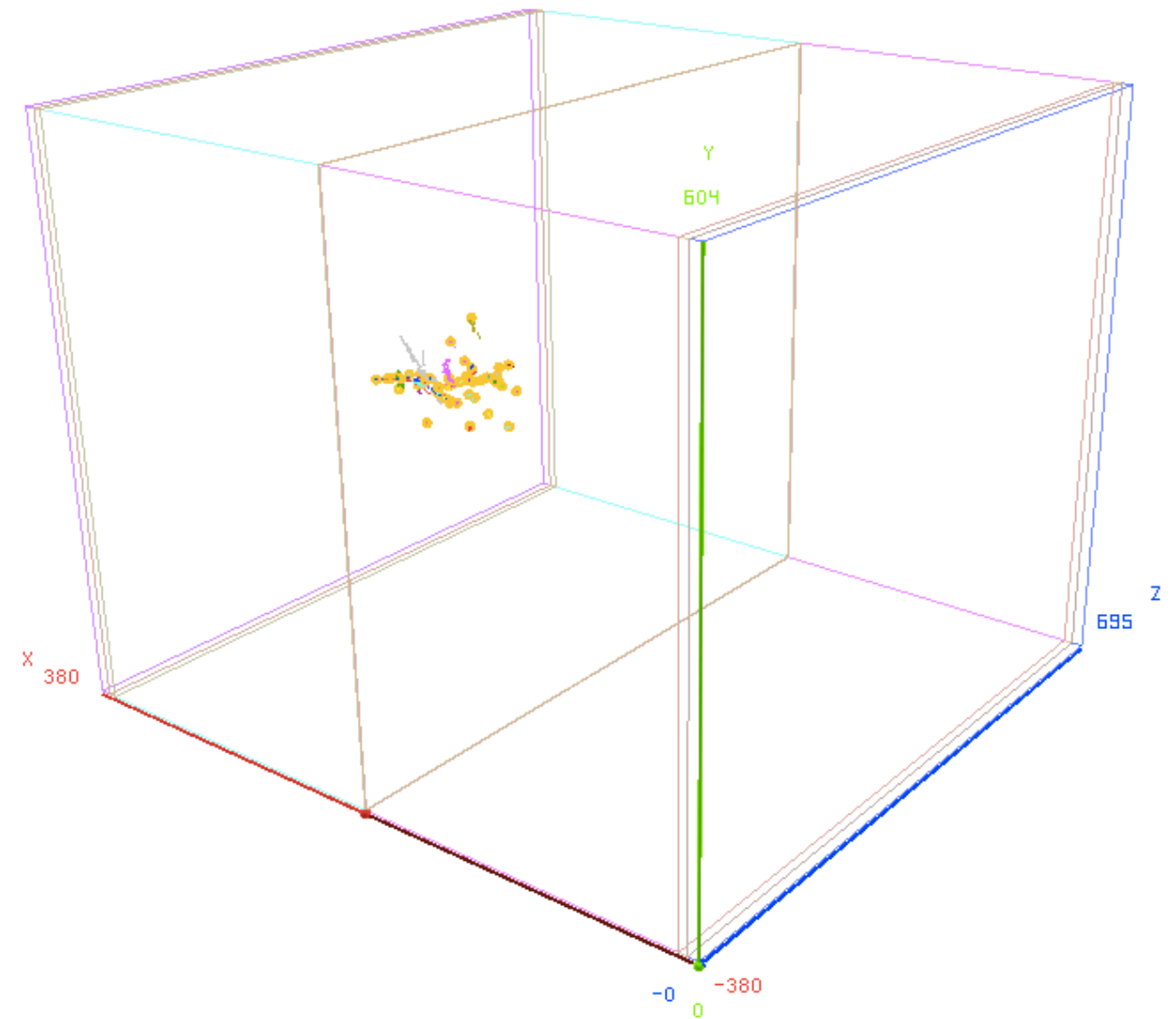
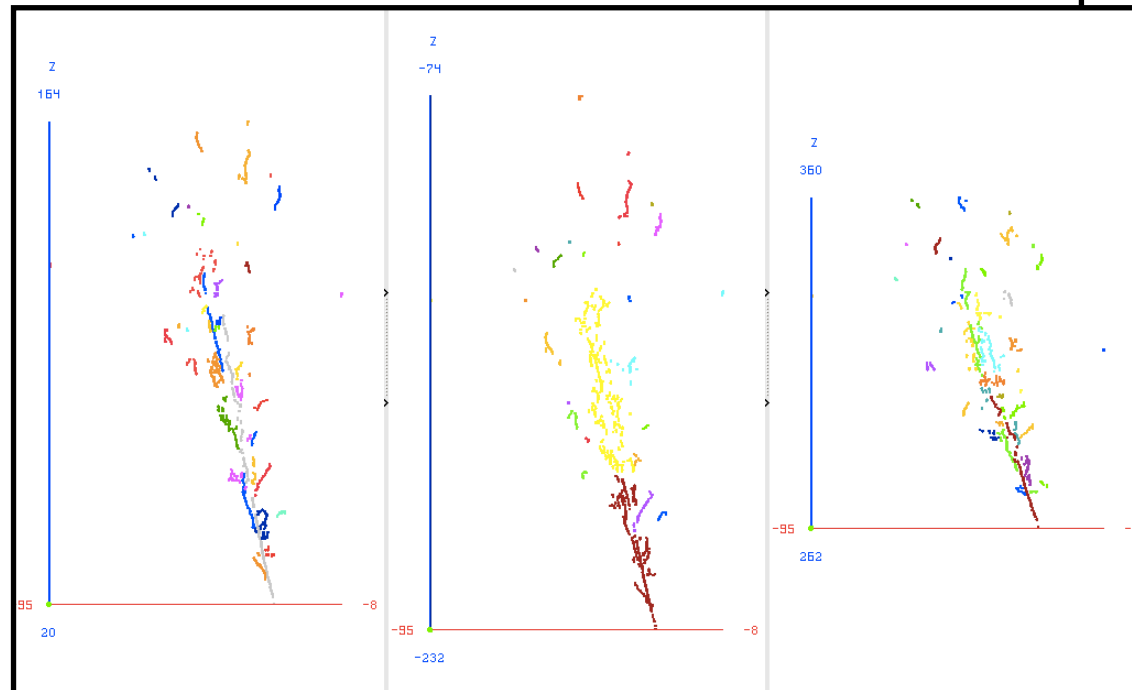
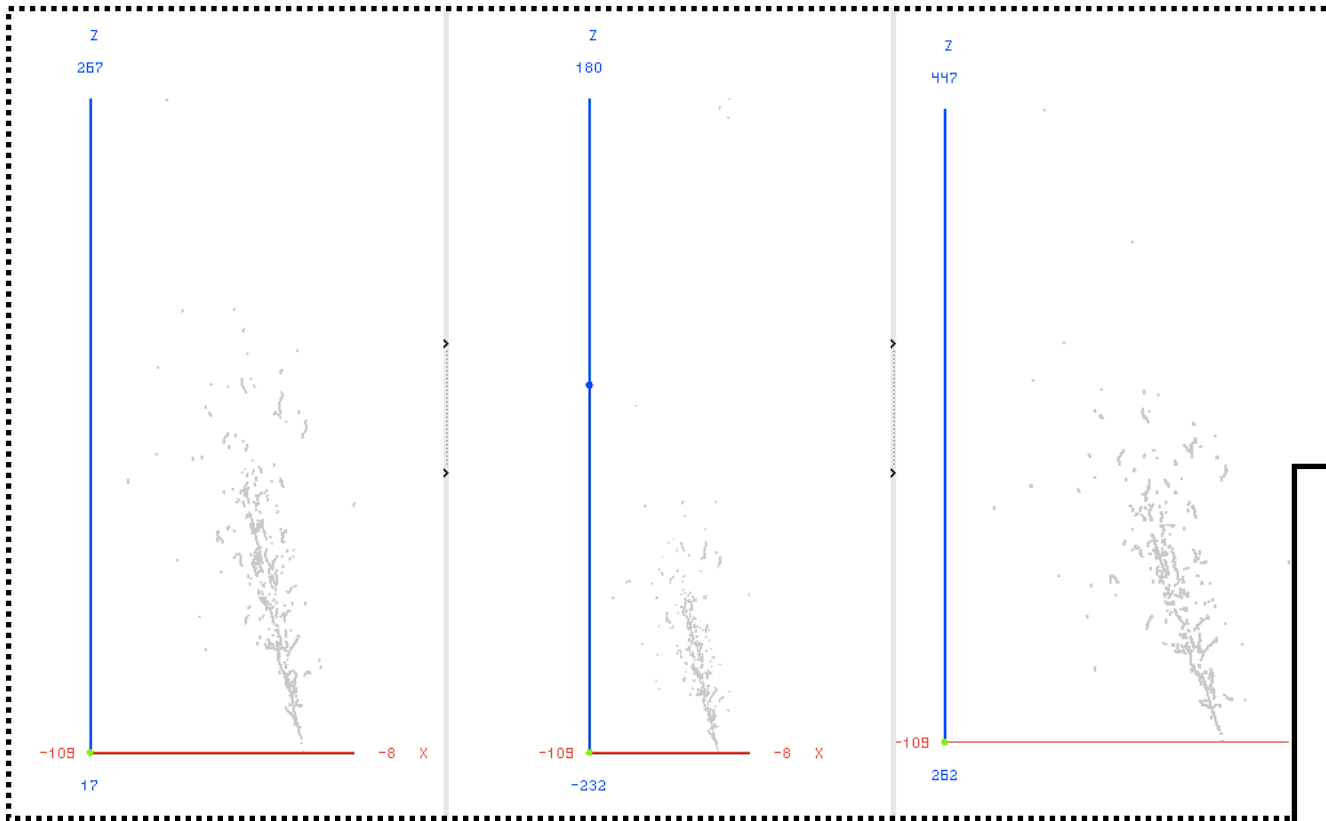




Pandora Cosmics On Test Beam

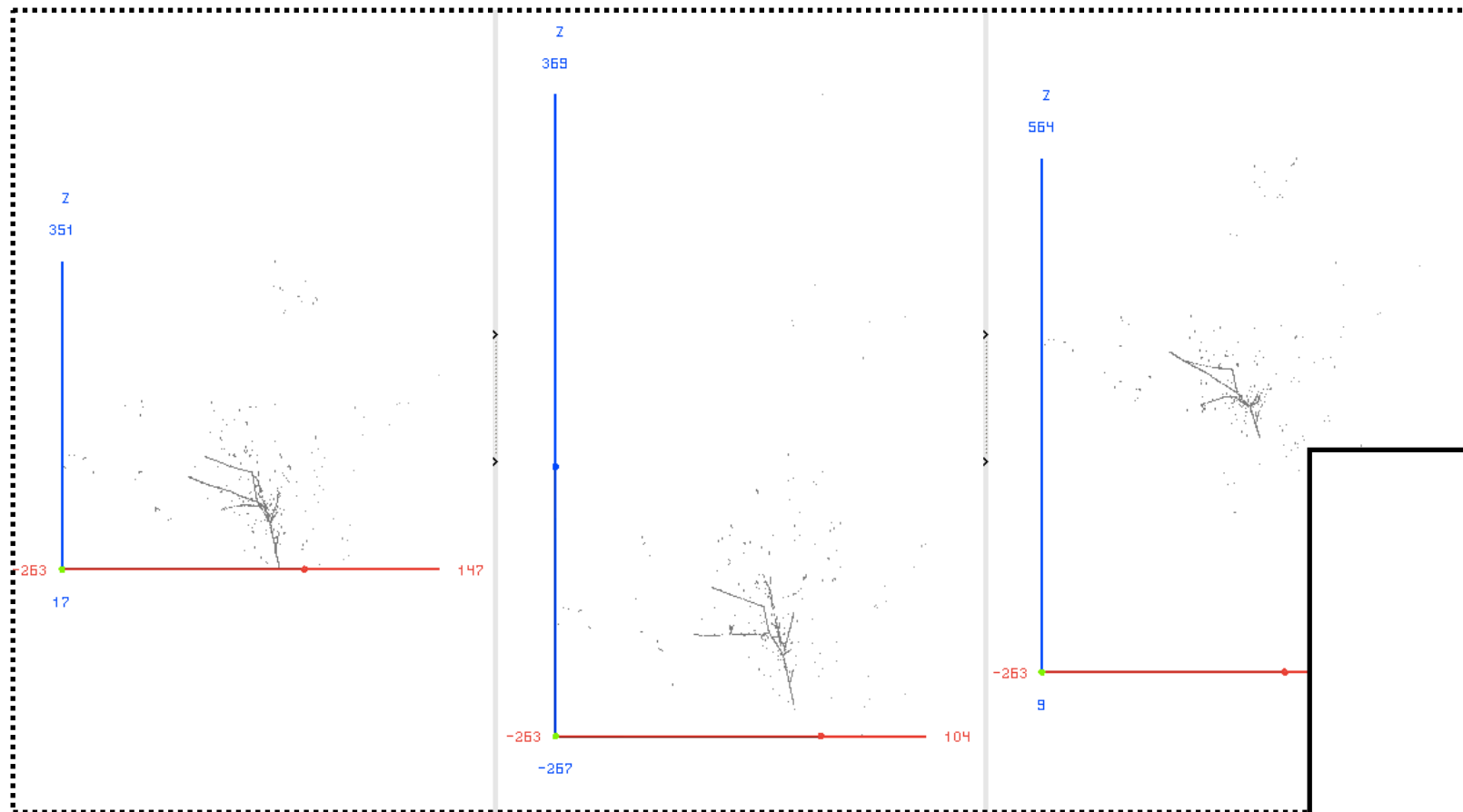


- Positron test beam particle

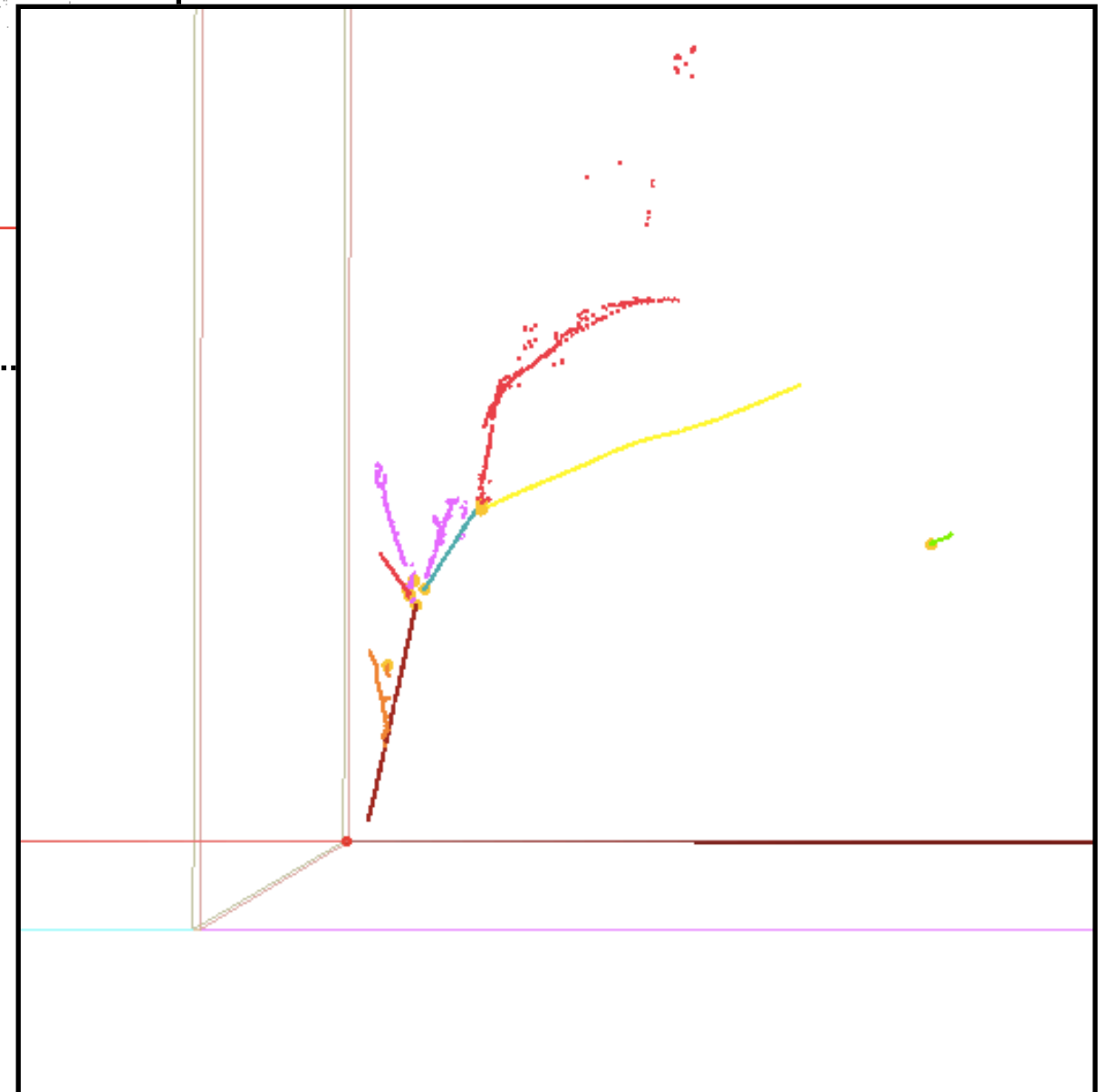


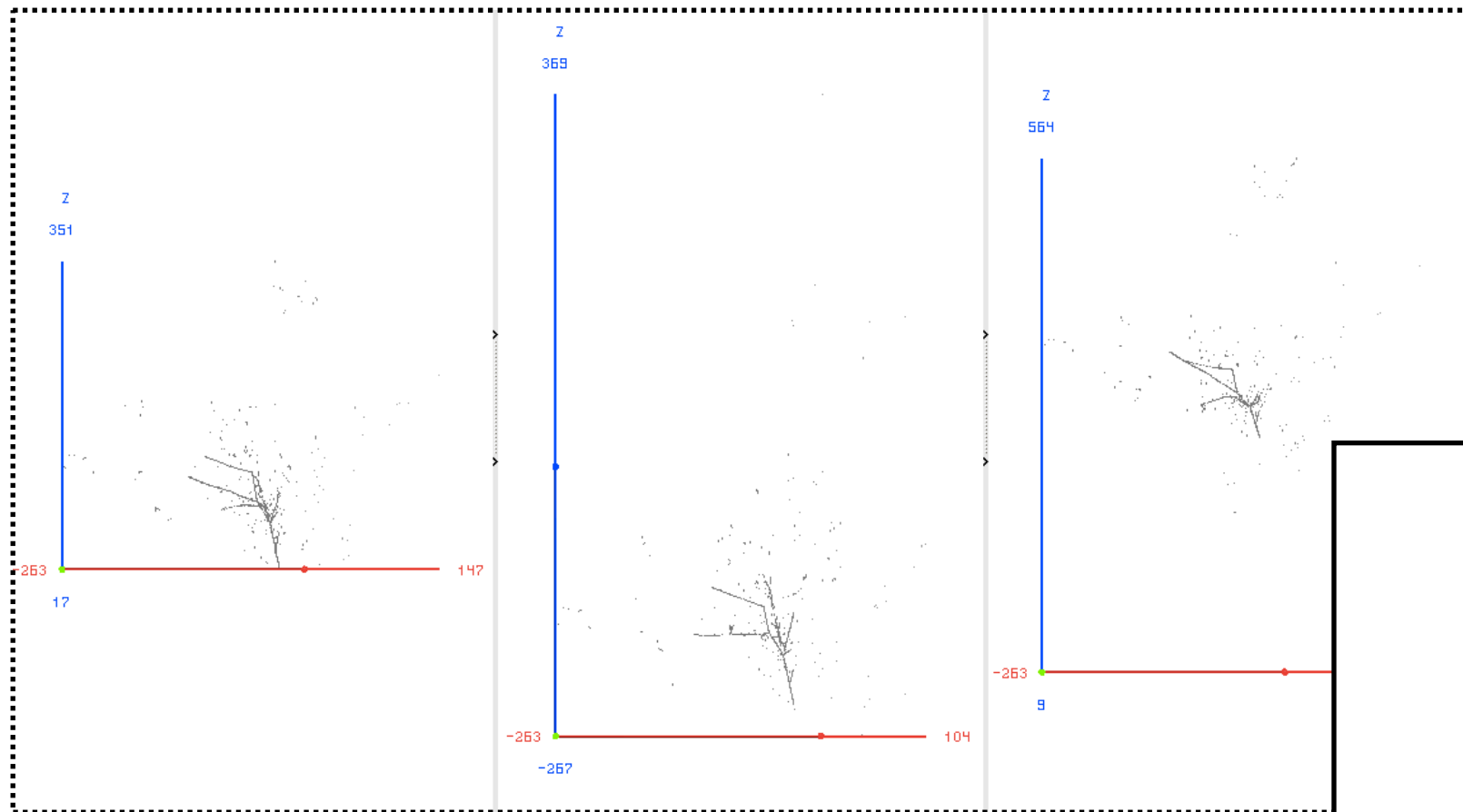


Pandora Neutrino On Test Beam



○ Pion test beam particle





○ Pion test beam particle

- Track driven through test beam interaction because the Pandora Cosmic algorithm chain is trying to reconstruct cosmic rays.

